

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

WOLLEMI MINING CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or jurisdiction of
incorporation)

1000
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

26-1272059
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

42-700 Bob Hope Drive, # 304
Rancho Mirage, CA 92270
(760) 992-6070

(Address and telephone number of registrant's principal executive offices)

Christopher Coldicutt, President
Wollemi Mining Corp.
42-700 Bob Hope Drive, # 304
Rancho Mirage, CA 92270
(760) 992-6070

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Copy to:

Robert C. Weaver, Jr.
721 Devon Court
San Diego, CA 92109
(858)488-4433
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Approximate date of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement is declared effective.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. ☒

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 463(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act Registration Statement number of the earlier effective Registration Statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 463(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act Registration Statement number of the earlier effective Registration Statement for the same offering. ☐

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act Registration Statement number of the earlier effective Registration Statement for the same offering. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☐

Non-accelerated filer ☐

Smaller reporting company ☒

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit ⁽²⁾	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price ⁽³⁾	Amount of Registration Fee ⁽¹⁾
Common Stock, Shares	1,000,000	\$0.03	\$30,000	\$1.18

(1) Registration Fee has been paid via Fedwire.

(2) The offering price was arbitrarily determined by Wollemi Mining Corp.

(3) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act, or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MARCH 26, 2008

The information contained in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

WOLLEMI MINING CORP.

**Prospectus
1,000,000 SHARES
COMMON STOCK AT \$.03 PER SHARE**

This is the initial offering of common stock of Wollemi Mining Corp. and no public market currently exists for the securities being offered. We are offering for sale a total of 1,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$.03 per share. The offering is being conducted on a self-underwritten, best effort, all-or-none basis, which means our officer and/or director, Christopher Coldicutt will attempt to sell the shares. This Prospectus will permit our officer and/or director to sell the shares directly to the public, with no commission or other remuneration payable to him for any shares he may sell. Mr. Coldicutt will sell the shares and intends to offer them to friends, family members and business acquaintances. In offering the securities on our behalf, he will rely on the safe harbor from broker-dealer registration set out in Rule 3a4-1 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. We intend to open a standard, non-interest bearing, bank checking account to be used only for the deposit of funds received from the sale of the shares in this offering. If all the shares are not sold and the total offering amount is not deposited by the expiration date of the offering, the funds will be promptly returned to the investors, without interest or deduction. The shares will be offered at a price of \$.03 per share for a period of one hundred and eighty (180) days from the effective date of this prospectus, unless extended by our board of director for an additional 90 days. The offering will end on _____, 200__ (date to be inserted in a subsequent amendment).

	<u>Offering Price</u> <u>Per Share</u>	<u>Commissions</u>	<u>Proceeds to Company</u> <u>Before Expenses</u>
Common Stock	\$0.03	Not Applicable	\$30,000
Total	\$0.03	Not Applicable	\$30,000

Wollemi Mining Corp. is an exploration stage company and currently has no operations. Any investment in the shares offered herein involves a high degree of risk. You should only purchase shares if you can afford a loss of your investment. Our independent auditor has issued an audit opinion for Wollemi Mining Corp. which includes a statement expressing substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern.

As of the date of this prospectus, our stock is presently not traded on any market or securities exchange and there is no assurance that a trading market for our securities will ever develop.

The purchase of the securities offered through this prospectus involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully read and consider the section of this prospectus entitled "Risk Factors" on pages 4 through 9 before buying any shares of Wollemi Mining Corp.'s common stock.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We will not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the U.S. Securities Commission has been cleared of comments and is declared effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer of sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, Dated March 26, 2008

PROSPECTUS
WOLLEMI MINING CORP.
1,000,000 SHARES
COMMON STOCK

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

As used in this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, “we,” “us,” “our,” and “Wollemi” refers to Wollemi Mining Corp. The following summary is not complete and does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. You should read the entire prospectus before making an investment decision to purchase our common stock.

WOLLEMI MINING CORP.

We are an exploration stage company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. Wollemi Mining Corp. was incorporated in the State of Delaware on October 9, 2007. We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to develop our business operations (See “Description of Business” and “Use of Proceeds”). We are an exploration stage company with no revenues or operating history. The principal executive offices are located at 42-700 Bob Hope Drive, # 304, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270.

We received our initial funding of \$15,000 through the sale of common stock to our director who purchased 2,000,000 shares of common stock at \$.0075 per share on October 26, 2007. From inception until the date of this filing, we have had no operating activities. Our financial statement from inception (October 9, 2007) through the year ended December 31, 2007 report no revenues and a net loss of \$7,594. Our independent auditor has issued an audit opinion for Wollemi Mining Corp. which includes a statement expressing substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern.

We currently own a 100% undivided interest in a mineral property, the Bonanza Lode Mining Claim, located in the State of Nevada that we call the “Bonanza Property.” The Bonanza Property consists of an area of approximately 20 acres located in the Yellow Pine Mining District, Clark County, Nevada. Title to the Bonanza Property is held by Wollemi Mining Corp. Our plan of operation is to conduct mineral exploration activities on the Bonanza Property in order to assess whether it possess deposits of minerals capable of commercial extraction.

We have not earned any revenues to date. We do not anticipate earning revenues until such time as we enter into commercial production of our mineral properties. We are presently in the exploration stage of our business and we can provide no assurance that we will discover commercially exploitable levels of mineral resources on our property, or if such deposits are discovered, that we will enter into further substantial exploration programs.

As of the date of this prospectus, there is no public trading market for our common stock and no assurance that a trading market for our securities will ever develop.

THE OFFERING

The Issuer:	Wollemi Mining Corp.
Securities Being Offered:	1,000,000 shares of common stock
Price Per Share:	\$0.03

Duration of Offering:	The shares are offered for a period not to exceed 180 days, unless extended by our Board of Directors for an additional 90 days.
Net Proceeds:	\$30,000
Securities Issued and Outstanding:	2,000,000 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding as of the date of this prospectus.
Registration Costs:	We estimate our total offering registration costs to be \$5,000
Risk Factors:	See “Risk Factors” and the other information in this prospectus for a discussion of the factors you should consider before deciding to invest in shares of our common stock.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below and the other information in this prospectus before investing in our common stock. If any of the following risks occur, our business, operating results and financial condition could be seriously harmed. The trading price of our common stock, when and if we trade at a later date, could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Associated to our Business

We are an exploration stage company but have not yet commenced exploration activities on our claims. We expect to incur operating losses for the foreseeable future.

We were incorporated on October 9, 2007 and to date have been involved primarily in organizational activities and the acquisition of the mineral claims. We have not yet commenced exploration on the Bonanza Lode Claim. Accordingly, we have no way to evaluate the likelihood that our business will be successful. We have not earned any revenues as of the date of this prospectus. Potential investors should be aware of the difficulties normally encountered by new mineral exploration companies and the high rate of failure of such enterprises. The likelihood of success must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays encountered in connection with the exploration of the mineral properties that we plan to undertake. These potential problems include, but are not limited to, unanticipated problems relating to exploration, and additional costs and expenses that may exceed current estimates. Prior to completion of our exploration stage, we anticipate that we will incur increased operating expenses without realizing any revenues. We expect to incur significant losses into the foreseeable future. We recognize that if production of minerals from the claims are not forthcoming, we will not be able to continue business operations. There is no history upon which to base any assumption as to the likelihood that we will prove successful, and it is doubtful that we will generate any operating revenues or ever achieve profitable operations. If we are unsuccessful in addressing these risks, our business will most likely fail.

We have yet to earn revenue and our ability to sustain our operations is dependent on our ability to raise financing. As a result, our accountant believes there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We have accrued net losses of \$7,594 for the period from our inception on October 9, 2007 to December 31, 2007, and have no revenues to date. Our future is dependent upon our ability to obtain financing and upon future profitable operations from the development of our mineral claims. These factors raise substantial doubt that we will be able to continue as a going concern. Chang G. Park, CPA, our independent auditor, has expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. This opinion could materially limit our ability to raise additional funds by

issuing new debt or equity securities or otherwise. If we fail to raise sufficient capital when needed, we will not be able to complete our business plan. As a result we may have to liquidate our business and you may lose your investment. You should consider our auditor's comments when determining if an investment in Wollemi Mining Corp. is suitable.

Without the funding from this offering we will be unable to implement our business plan.

Our current operating funds are less than necessary to complete the intended exploration program on our mineral claim. We will need the funds from this offering to complete our business plan. As of December 31, 2007, we had cash in the amount of \$7,406. We currently do not have any operations and we have no income.

Because of the unique difficulties and uncertainties inherent in mineral exploration ventures, we face a high risk of business failure.

You should be aware of the difficulties normally encountered by new mineral exploration companies and the high rate of failure of such enterprises. The likelihood of success must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays encountered in connection with the exploration of the mineral properties that we plan to undertake. These potential problems include, but are not limited to, unanticipated problems relating to exploration, and additional costs and expenses that may exceed current estimates. The Bonanza Property does not contain a known body of any commercial minerals and, therefore, any program conducted on the Bonanza Property would be an exploratory search of any minerals. There is no certainty that any expenditures made in the exploration of the Bonanza Property will result in discoveries of any commercial quantities of minerals. Most exploration projects do not result in the discovery of commercially mineable mineral deposits. Problems such as unusual or unexpected formations and other conditions are common to mineral exploration activities and often result in unsuccessful exploration efforts. If the results of our exploration program do not reveal viable commercial mineralization, we may decide to abandon our claim and acquire new claims for new exploration. Our ability to acquire additional claims will be dependent upon our possessing adequate capital resources when needed. If no funding is available, we may be forced to abandon our operations.

We have no known mineral reserves and if we cannot find any, we may have to cease operations.

We have no mineral reserves. If we do not find any commercially exploitable mineral reserves or if we cannot complete the exploration of any mineral reserves, either because we do not have the money to do so or because it is not economically feasible to do so, we may have to cease operations and you may lose your investment. Mineral exploration is highly speculative. It involves many risks and is often non-productive. Even if we are able to find mineral reserves on our property our production capability will be subject to further risks including:

- The costs of bringing the property into production including exploration work, preparation of production feasibility studies, and construction of production facilities, all of which we have not budgeted for;
- The availability and costs of financing;
- The ongoing costs of production; and
- Risks related to environmental compliance regulations and restraints.

The marketability of any minerals acquired or discovered may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond our control and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations, the lack of milling facilities and processing equipment near the Bonanza Property, and other factors such as government regulations, including regulations relating to allowable production, the importing and exporting of minerals, and environmental protection.

Given the above noted risks, the chances of our finding and commercially exploiting reserves on our mineral properties are remote and funds expended on exploration will likely be lost.

Because of the inherent dangers involved in mineral exploration, there is a risk that we may incur liability or damages as we conduct our business.

The search for valuable minerals involves numerous hazards. As a result, we may become subject to liability for such hazards, including pollution, cave-ins and other hazards against which we cannot insure or against which we may elect not to insure. At the present time we have no insurance to cover against these hazards. The payment of such liabilities may result in our inability to complete our planned exploration program and/or obtain additional financing to fund our exploration program.

As we undertake exploration of our mineral claims, we will be subject to compliance with government regulation that may increase the anticipated cost of our exploration program.

There are several governmental regulations that materially restrict mineral exploration. We will be subject to the laws of the State of Nevada as we carry out our exploration program. We may be required to obtain work permits, post bonds and perform remediation work for any physical disturbance to the land in order to comply with these laws. If we enter the production phase, the cost of complying with permit and regulatory environment laws will be greater because the impact on the project area is greater. Permits and regulations will control all aspects of the production program if the project continues to that stage. Examples of regulatory requirements include:

- (a) Water discharge will have to meet drinking water standards;
- (b) Dust generation will have to be minimal or otherwise re-mediated;
- (c) Dumping of material on the surface will have to be re-contoured and re-vegetated with natural vegetation;
- (d) An assessment of all material to be left on the surface will need to be environmentally benign;
- (e) Ground water will have to be monitored for any potential contaminants;
- (f) The socio-economic impact of the project will have to be evaluated and if deemed negative, will have to be remediated; and
- (g) There will have to be an impact report of the work on the local fauna and flora including a study of potentially endangered species.

There is a risk that new regulations could increase our costs of doing business and prevent us from carrying out our exploration program. We will also have to sustain the cost of reclamation and environmental remediation for all exploration work undertaken. Both reclamation and environmental remediation refer to putting disturbed ground back as close to its original state as possible. Other potential pollution or damage must be cleaned-up and renewed along standard guidelines outlined in the usual permits. Reclamation is the process of bringing the land back to its natural state after completion of exploration activities. Environmental remediation refers to the physical activity of taking steps to remediate, or remedy, any environmental damage caused. The amount of these costs is not known at this time as we do not know the extent of the exploration program that will be undertaken beyond completion of the recommended work program. If remediation costs exceed our cash reserves we may be unable to complete our exploration program and have to abandon our operations.

Because our sole officer and/or director does not have any formal training specific to the technicalities of mineral exploration, there is a higher risk our business will fail.

Our sole officer and director is Christopher Coldicutt. Mr. Coldicutt has no formal training as a geologist or in the technical aspects of management of a mineral exploration company. His prior business experiences have primarily been within the accounting industry and not in the mineral exploration business. With no direct training or experience in these areas, our management may not be fully aware of the specific requirements related to working within this industry. Our management's decisions and choices may not take into account standard engineering or managerial approaches mineral exploration companies commonly use. Consequently, our operations, earnings, and ultimate financial success could suffer irreparable harm due to management's lack of experience in this industry.

Because our current officer and/or director has other business interests, he may not be able or willing to devote a sufficient amount of time to our business operations, causing our business to fail.

Mr. Christopher Coldicutt, our officer and director, currently devotes approximately 5 hours per week providing management services to us. While he presently possesses adequate time to attend to our interest, it is possible that the demands on him from other obligations could increase, with the result that he would no longer be able to devote sufficient time to the management of our business. This could negatively impact our business development.

There is a risk that our property does not contain any known bodies of ore resulting in any funds spent on exploration being lost.

There is the likelihood of our mineral claim containing little or no economic mineralization or reserves. We have a geological report detailing previous exploration in the area, and the claim has been staked per Nevada regulations. However, there is the possibility that previous work conducted was not carried out properly and our claim does not contain any reserves, resulting in any funds spent on exploration being lost.

Because we have not surveyed the Bonanza Lode Claim, we may discover mineralization on the claims that is not within our claim boundaries.

While we have conducted a mineral claim title search, this should not be construed as a guarantee of claim boundaries. Until the claim is surveyed, the precise location of the boundaries of the claim may be in doubt. If we discover mineralization that is close to the claim boundaries, it is possible that some or all of the mineralization may occur outside the boundaries. In such a case we would not have the right to extract those minerals.

If we discover commercial reserves of precious metals on our mineral property, we can provide no assurance that we will be able to successfully advance the mineral claims into commercial production.

If our exploration program is successful in establishing ore of commercial tonnage and grade, we will require additional funds in order to advance the claim into commercial production. Obtaining additional financing would be subject to a number of factors, including the market price for the minerals, investor acceptance of our claims and general market conditions. These factors may make the timing, amount, terms or conditions of additional financing unavailable to us. The most likely source of future funds is through the sale of equity capital. Any sale of share capital will result in dilution to existing shareholders. We may be unable to obtain any such funds, or to obtain such funds on terms that we consider economically feasible and you may lose any investment you make in this offering.

If access to our mineral claims is restricted by inclement weather, we may be delayed in our exploration and any future mining efforts.

It is possible that snow or rain could cause the mining roads providing access to our claims to become impassable. If the roads are impassable we would be delayed in our exploration timetable.

Based on consumer demand, the growth and demand for any ore we may recover from our claims may be slowed, resulting in reduced revenues to the company.

Our success will be dependent on the growth of demand for ores. If consumer demand slows our revenues may be significantly affected. This could limit our ability to generate revenues and our financial condition and operating results may be harmed.

Risks Associated with this Offering

The trading in our shares will be regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15G-9 which established the definition of a “Penny Stock.”

The shares being offered are defined as a penny stock under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and rules of the Commission. The Exchange Act and such penny stock rules generally impose additional sales practice and disclosure requirements on broker-dealers who sell our securities to persons other than certain accredited investors who are, generally, institutions with assets in excess of \$4,000,000 or individuals with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 (\$300,000 jointly with spouse), or in transactions not recommended by the broker-dealer. For transactions covered by the penny stock rules, a broker dealer must make certain mandated disclosures in penny stock transactions, including the actual sale or purchase price and actual bid and offer quotations, the compensation to be received by the broker-dealer and certain associated persons, and deliver certain disclosures required by the Commission. Consequently, the penny stock rules may make it difficult for you to resell any shares you may purchase, if at all.

We are selling this offering without an underwriter and may be unable to sell any shares.

This offering is self-underwritten, that is, we are not going to engage the services of an underwriter to sell the shares; we intend to sell our shares through our officer and/or director, who will receive no commissions. He will offer the shares to friends, family members, and business associates, however, there is no guarantee that he will be able to sell any of the shares. Unless he is successful in selling all of the shares and we receive the proceeds from this offering, we may have to seek alternative financing to implement our business plan.

Due to the lack of a trading market for our securities, you may have difficulty selling any shares you purchase in this offering.

We are not registered on any public stock exchange. There is presently no demand for our common stock and no public market exists for the shares being offered in this prospectus. We plan to contact a market maker immediately following the completion of the offering and apply to have the shares quoted on the Over-The-Counter Electronic Bulletin Board (OTCBB). The OTCBB is a regulated quotation service that displays real-time quotes, last sale prices and volume information in over-the-counter (OTC) securities. The OTCBB is not an issuer listing service, market or exchange. Although the OTCBB does not have any listing requirements per se, to be eligible for quotation on the OTCBB, issuers must remain current in their filing with the SEC or applicable regulatory authority. Market makers are not permitted to begin quotation of a security whose issuer does not meet his filing requirement. Securities already quoted on the OTCBB that become delinquent in their required filings will be removed following a 30 to 60 day grace period if they do not make their required filing during that time. We cannot guarantee that our application will be accepted or approved and our stock listed and quoted for sale. As of the date of this filing, there have been no discussions or understandings between Wollemi Mining Corp. and anyone acting on our behalf, with any market maker regarding participation in a future trading market for our securities. If no market is ever developed for our common stock, it will be difficult for you to sell any shares you purchase in this offering. In such a case, you may find that you are unable to achieve any benefit from your investment or liquidate your shares without considerable delay, if at all. In addition, if we fail to have our common stock quoted on a public trading

market, your common stock will not have a quantifiable value and it may be difficult, if not impossible, to ever resell your shares, resulting in an inability to realize any value from your investment.

We will be holding all the proceeds from the offering in a standard bank checking account until all shares are sold. Because the shares are not held in an escrow or trust account there is a risk your money will not be returned if all the shares are not sold.

All funds received from the sale of shares in this offering will be deposited into a standard bank checking account until all shares are sold and the offering is closed, at which time, the proceeds will be transferred to our business operating account. In the event all shares are not sold we have committed to promptly return all funds to the original purchasers. However since the funds will not be placed into an escrow, trust or other similar account, there can be no guarantee that any third party creditor who may obtain a judgment or lien against us would not satisfy the judgment or lien by executing on the bank account where the offering proceeds are being held, resulting in a loss of any investment you make in our securities.

You will incur immediate and substantial dilution of the price you pay for your shares.

Our existing stockholder acquired his shares at a cost of \$.0075 per share, a cost per share substantially less than that which you will pay for the shares you purchase in this offering. Upon completion of this offering the net tangible book value of the shares held by our existing stockholder (2,000,000 shares) will be increased by \$.016 per share without any additional investment on his part. The purchasers of shares in this offering will incur immediate dilution (a reduction in the net tangible book value per share from the offering price of \$.03 (per share) to \$.014 per share. As a result, after completion of the offering, the net tangible book value of the shares held by purchasers in this offering would be \$.016 per share, reflecting an immediate reduction in the \$.03 per share paid for their shares.

We will incur ongoing costs and expenses for SEC reporting and compliance. Without revenue we may not be able to remain in compliance, making it difficult for investors to sell their shares, if at all.

Our business plan allows for the payment of the estimated \$5,000 cost of this registration statement to be paid from existing cash on hand. If necessary, Mr. Coldicutt, our director, has verbally agreed to loan the company funds to complete the registration process. We plan to contact a market maker immediately following the close of the offering and apply to have the shares quoted on the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board. To be eligible for quotation, issuers must remain current in their filings with the SEC. In order for us to remain in compliance we will require future revenues to cover the cost of these filings, which could comprise a substantial portion of our available cash resources. If we are unable to generate sufficient revenues to remain in compliance it may be difficult for you to resell any shares you may purchase, if at all.

Mr. Coldicutt, the director of the company, beneficially owns 100% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. After the completion of this offering he will own 67% of the outstanding shares. If he chooses to sell his shares in the future, it might have an adverse effect on the price of our stock.

Due to the amount of Mr. Coldicutt's share ownership in our company, if he chooses to sell his shares in the public market, the market price of our stock could decrease and all shareholders suffer a dilution of the value of their stock. If he does sell any of his common stock, he will be subject to Rule 144 under the 1933 Securities Act which will restrict his ability to sell his shares.

Forward Looking Statement

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties. We use words such as "anticipate", "believe", "plan", "expect", "future", "intend", and similar expressions to identify such forward-looking statements. Investors should be aware that all forward-looking statements contained within this filing are good faith estimates of management as of the date of this filing. Our actual results could differ materially from

those anticipated in these forward-looking statements for many reasons, including the risks faced by us as described in the “Risk Factors” section and elsewhere in this prospectus.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Assuming sale of all of the shares offered herein, of which there is no assurance, the net proceeds from this offering will be \$30,000. The proceeds are expected to be disbursed, in the priority set forth below, during the first twelve (12) months after the successful completion of the offering:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Planned Expenditures Over The Next 12 Months</u>
Phase 1 Exploration Program	\$ 6,500
Phase 2 Exploration Program	\$ 9,500
Legal and Accounting	\$ 5,000
Working Capital	<u>\$ 9,000</u>
TOTAL PROCEEDS TO COMPANY	<u>\$ 30,000</u>

We will establish a separate bank account and all proceeds will be deposited into that account until the total amount of the offering is received and all shares are sold, at which time the funds will be released to us for use in our operations. In the event we do not sell all of the shares before the expiration date of the offering, all funds will be returned promptly to the subscribers, without interest or deduction. If necessary, Mr. Coldicutt, our director, has verbally agreed to loan the company funds to complete the registration process but we will require full funding to implement our complete business plan.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

The offering price of the share has been determined arbitrarily by us. The price does not bear any relationship to our assets, book value, earnings, or other established criteria for valuing a privately held company. In determining the number of shares to be offered and the offering price, we took into consideration our cash on hand and the amount of money we would need to implement our business plans. Accordingly, the offering price should not be considered an indication of the actual value of the securities.

DILUTION

Dilution represents the difference between the offering price and the net tangible book value per share immediately after completion of this offering. Net tangible book value is the amount that results from subtracting total liabilities and intangible assets from total assets. Dilution arises mainly as a result of our arbitrary determination of the offering price of the shares being offered. Dilution of the value of the shares you purchase is also a result of the lower book value of the shares held by our existing shareholders.

As of December 31, 2007, the net tangible book value of our shares was \$7,406 or \$.002 per share, based upon 2,000,000 shares outstanding.

Upon completion of this offering, but without taking into account any change in the net tangible book value after completion of this offering other than that resulting from the sale of the shares and receipt of the total proceeds of \$30,000, the net tangible book value of the 3,000,000 shares to be outstanding will be \$37,406, or approximately \$.012 per share. Accordingly, the net tangible book value of the shares held by our existing stockholder (2,000,000 shares) will be increased by \$.016 per share without any additional investment on his part. The purchasers of shares in this offering will incur immediate dilution (a reduction in the net tangible book value per share from the offering price of \$.03 (per share) or \$.014 per share. As a result, after completion of the offering, the net tangible book value

of the shares held by purchasers in this offering would be \$.016 per share, reflecting an immediate reduction in the \$.03 price per share he paid for their shares. After completion of the offering, the existing shareholder will own 66.7% of the total number of shares then outstanding, for which he will have made an investment of \$15,000 or \$.0075 per share. Upon completion of the offering, the purchasers of these shares offered hereby will own 33.3.0% of the total number of shares then outstanding, for which they will have made a cash investment of \$30,000, or \$.03 per share.

The following table illustrates the per share dilution to the new investors:

Public Offering Price Per Share	\$.03
Net Tangible Book Value Prior to this Offering	\$.004
Net Tangible Book Value After Offering	\$.016
Immediate Dilution per Share to New Investors	\$.014

The following table summarizes the number and percentages of shares purchased, the amount and percentage of consideration paid and the average price per share paid by our existing stockholder and by new investors in this offering:

	<u>Price Per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Held</u>	<u>Percent of Ownership</u>	<u>Consideration Paid</u>
Existing Shareholder	\$.0075	2,000,000	66.7	\$15,000
Investors in this Offering	\$.03	1,000,000	33.3	\$30,000

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Offering will be sold by our Officer and/or Director

This is a self-underwritten offering. This prospectus permits our officer and/or director to sell the shares directly to the public, with no commission or other remuneration payable to him for any shares he may sell. There are no plans or arrangement to enter into any contracts or agreements to sell the shares with a broker or dealer. Our officer and/or director, Mr. Christopher Coldicutt, will sell the shares and intends to offer them to friends, family members and business acquaintances. In offering the securities on our behalf, he will rely on the safe harbor from broker dealer registration set out in Rule 3a4-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Our officer and/or director will not register as a broker-dealer pursuant to Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in reliance upon Rule 3a4-1, which sets forth those conditions under which a person associated with an Issuer may participate in the offering of the Issuer's securities and not be deemed to be a broker-dealer.

- a. Our officer and/or director is not subject to a statutory disqualification, as that term is defined in Section 3(a)(39) of the Act, at the time of their participation; and,
- b. Our officer and/or director will not be compensated in connection with his participation by the payment of commissions or other remuneration based either directly or indirectly on transaction in securities; and
- c. Our officer and/or director is not, nor will he be at the time of his participation in the offering, an associated person of a broker-dealer; and
- d. Our officer and/or director meets the conditions of paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of Rule 3a4-1 of the Exchange Act, in that he (A) primarily performs or is intended primarily to perform at the end of the offering, substantial

- e. duties for or on behalf of our company, other than in connection with transactions in securities; and (B) is not a broker or dealer, or been an associated person of a broker or dealer, within the preceding twelve months; and (C) has not participated in selling and offering securities for any Issuer more than once every twelve months other than in reliance on Paragraphs (a)(4)(i) or (a) (4)(iii).

Our officer and/or director, control persons and affiliates of same do not intend to purchase any shares in this offering.

Terms of the Offering

The shares will be sold at the fixed price of \$.03 per share until the completion of this offering. There is no minimum amount of subscription required per investor, and subscriptions, once received, are irrevocable.

This offering will commence on the date of this prospectus and will continue for a period of 180 days (the "Expiration Date"), unless extended by our Board of Directors for an additional 90 days.

Deposit of Offering Proceeds

This is a "best efforts", "all or none" offering and, as such, we will not be able to spend any of the proceeds unless all the shares are sold and all proceeds are received. We intend to hold all funds collected from subscriptions in a separate bank account until the total amount of \$30,000 has been received. At that time, the funds will be transferred to our business account for use in implementation of our business plan. In the event the offering is not sold out prior to the Expiration Date, all money will be promptly returned to the investors, without interest or deduction. We determined the use of the standard bank account was the most efficient use of our current limited funds. Please see the "Risk Factors" section to read the related risk to you as a purchaser of any shares.

Procedures and Requirements for Subscription

If you decide to subscribe to any shares in this offering, you will be required to execute a Subscription Agreement and tender it, together with a check or bank money order made payable to Wollemi Mining Corp. Subscriptions, once received by the company, are irrevocable.

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

No Public Market for Common Stock

There is currently no public market for our common stock. There has been no public trading of our securities, and, therefore, no high and low bid pricing.

As of the date of this prospectus, Wollemi Mining Corp. has one shareholder of record. We have paid no cash dividends and have no outstanding options. We have no securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans.

The SEC has adopted rules that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in penny stocks. Penny stocks are generally equity securities with a price of less than \$5.00, other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ system, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or quotation system. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document prepared by the SEC, that: (a) contains a description of the nature and level of risk in the market for penny stocks in both public offerings and secondary trading; b) contains a description of the broker's or dealer's duties to the customer and of the rights and remedies available to the customer with respect to a violation to such duties or other requirements of Securities' laws; (c) contains a brief, clear, narrative description of a dealer market, including bid and ask prices for penny stocks and the significance of the spread between the bid and ask

price; (d) contains a toll-free telephone number for inquiries on disciplinary actions; (e) defines significant terms in the disclosure document or in the conduct of trading in penny stocks; and (f) contains such other information and is in such form, including language, type, size and format, as the SEC shall require by rule or regulation. The broker-dealer also must provide, prior to effecting any transaction in a penny stock, the customer with: (a) bid and offer quotations for the penny stock; (b) the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction; (c) the number of shares to which such bid and ask prices apply, or other comparable information relating to the depth and liquidity of the market for such stock; and (d) monthly account statements showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account. In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules; the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written acknowledgment of the receipt of a risk disclosure statement, a written agreement to transactions involving penny stocks, and a signed and dated copy of a suitably written statement.

These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the trading activity in the secondary market for our stock if it becomes subject to these penny stock rules. Therefore, if our common stock becomes subject to the penny stock rules, stockholders may have difficulty selling those securities.

Regulation M

Our officer and/or director, who will sell the shares, is aware that he is required to comply with the provisions of Regulation M, promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. With certain exceptions, Regulation M precludes the officer and/or director, sales agent, any broker-dealer or other person who participate in the distribution of shares in this offering from bidding for or purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase any security which is the subject of the distribution until the entire distribution is complete.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Plan of Operation

Our cash balance is \$7,406 as of December 31, 2007. We believe our cash balance is sufficient to fund our limited levels of operations until June, 2008. If we experience a shortage of funds prior to funding we may utilize funds from our director, who has informally agreed to advance funds to allow us to pay for offering costs, filing fees, and professional fees, however he has no formal commitment, arrangement or legal obligation to advance or loan funds to the company. In order to achieve our business plan goals, we will need the funding from this offering. We are an exploration stage company and have generated no revenue to date. We have sold \$15,000 in equity securities to pay for our minimum level of operations.

Our auditor has issued a going concern opinion. This means that there is substantial doubt that we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we obtain additional capital to pay our bills. This is because we have not generated revenues and no revenues are anticipated until we begin removing and selling minerals. There is no assurance we will ever reach that stage.

Our plan of operation is to conduct mineral exploration activities on the Bonanza Property in order to assess whether the property contains mineral reserves capable of commercial extraction. Our exploration program is designed to explore for commercially viable deposits of silver, gold and other minerals. We have not, nor has any predecessor, identified any commercially exploitable reserves of these minerals on the Bonanza Property.

Our plan of operation for the twelve months following the date of this prospectus is to complete the first phase of the exploration program on our claim consisting of VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys. In addition to the \$16,000 we anticipate spending for Phase 1 and 2 for the exploration program as outlined below, we anticipate spending over the

next 12 months an additional \$7,500 on professional fees, including fees payable in connection with the filing of this registration statement and complying with reporting obligations. Total expenditures are therefore expected to be approximately \$30,000, which is the amount to be raised in this offering and our cash on hand. If we experience a shortage of funds prior to funding during the next 12 months, we may utilize funds from our director, who has informally agreed to advance funds to allow us to pay for professional fees, including fees payable in connection with the filing of this registration statement and operation expenses, however he has no formal commitment, arrangement or legal obligation to advance or loan funds to the company. We will require the funds from this offering to proceed.

We engaged Mr. Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng., to prepare a geological evaluation report on the Bonanza Property. Mr. Sookochoff's report summarizes the results of the history of the exploration of the mineral claims, the regional and local geology of the mineral claims and the mineralization and the geological formations identified as a result of the prior exploration in the claim areas. The geological report also gives conclusions regarding potential mineralization of the mineral claims and recommends a further geological exploration program on the mineral claims. The exploration program recommended by Mr. Sookochoff is as follows:

<u>Phase</u>	<u>Exploration Program</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Status</u>
Phase I	VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys	\$6,500	Expected to be completed in summer, 2008 (dependent on consulting geologist's schedule).
Phase II	Localized soil surveys, trenching and sampling over known and indicated mineralized zones	\$9,500	Expected to be completed in fall, 2008 (depending on the results of Phase 1, and consulting geologist's schedule).
Phase III	Test Diamond drilling outlined by Phase 1 and 2 programs.	\$70,000	Expected to be completed in spring, 2009 (depending on the results of Phase 2, and consulting geologist's schedule.)
Total Estimated Cost		\$86,000	

If we are successful in raising the funds from this offering, we plan to commence Phase I of the exploration program on the claim in summer, 2008. We expect this phase to take 2 weeks to complete and an additional two months for the consulting geologist to receive the results of the surveys and prepare his report.

The above program costs are management's estimates based upon the recommendations of the professional consulting geologist's report and the actual project costs may exceed our estimates. To date, we have not commenced exploration.

Following Phase I of the exploration program, if it proves successful in identifying mineral deposits, we intend to proceed with Phase II of our exploration program. The estimated cost of this program is \$9,500 and will take approximately 10 days to complete and an additional two months for the consulting geologist to receive the results from the assay lab and prepare his report.

Following Phase II of the exploration program, if it proves successful in identifying mineral deposits, we intend to proceed with Phase III of our exploration program if we are able to raise the funds necessary. The estimated cost of this program is \$70,000 and will take approximately 2 weeks to complete and an additional two months for the consulting geologist to receive the results from the assay lab and prepare his report.

We anticipate commencing Phase II of our exploration program in fall, 2008, depending on whether Phase I program proves successful in identifying mineral deposits. Subject to financing, we anticipate commencing Phase III of our exploration program in 2009, depending on whether Phase II program proves successful in identifying mineral deposits. We have a verbal agreement with Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng., the consulting geologist who prepared the geology report on our claim, to retain his services for our planned exploration program. We will require additional funding to proceed with Phase III and any subsequent work on the claim, we have no current plans on how to raise the additional funding. We cannot provide investors with any assurance that we will be able to raise sufficient funds to proceed with any work after the first two phases of the exploration program.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Limited Operating History; Need for Additional Capital

There is no historical financial information about us on which to base an evaluation of our performance. We are an exploration stage company and have not generated revenues from operations. We cannot guarantee we will be successful in our business operations. Our business is subject to risks inherent in the establishment of a new business enterprise, including limited capital resources, possible delays in the exploration of our property, and possible cost overruns due to increases in the cost of services.

To become profitable and competitive, we must conduct the exploration of our properties before we start into production of any minerals we may find. We are seeking funding from this offering to provide the capital required for the first two phases of our exploration program. We believe that the funds from this offering will allow us to operate for one year.

We have no assurance that future financing will materialize. If that financing is not available to use for the third phase of our exploration program we may be unable to continue.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

To meet our need for cash we are attempting to raise money from this offering. We cannot guarantee that we will be able to sell all the shares required. If we are successful, any money raised will be applied to the items set forth in the Use of Proceeds section of this prospectus. If the first two phases of our exploration program are successful in identifying mineral deposits we will attempt to raise the necessary funds to proceed with phase three, and any subsequent drilling and extraction. The sources of funding we may consider to fund this work include a public offering, a private placement of our securities or loans from our director or others.

Our director has agreed to advance funds as needed until the offering is completed or failed and has agreed to pay the cost of reclamation of the property should exploitable minerals not be found and we abandon the third phase of our exploration program and there are no remaining funds in the company. While he has agreed to advance the funds, the agreement is verbal and is unenforceable as a matter of law.

The one property in the Company's portfolio, on which the net proceeds of the offering will be spent, is the Bonanza Lode Claim consisting of one located mineral claim comprising a total of approximately 20 acres. We have not carried out any exploration work on the claims and have incurred no exploration costs.

We received our initial funding of \$15,000 through the sale of common stock to Mr. Coldicutt, our director, who purchased 2,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$0.0075 per share on October 26, 2007. From inception until

the date of this filing we have had no operating activities. Our financial statements from inception (October 9, 2007) through the year ended December 31, 2007 report no revenues and a net loss of \$7,594.

Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Company reports revenues and expenses using the accrual method of accounting for financial and tax reporting purposes.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumption in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses.

Mineral Property Acquisition and Exploration Costs

The Company expenses all costs related to the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in which it has secured exploration rights prior to establishment of proven and probable reserves. To date, the Company has not established the commercial feasibility of any exploration prospects; therefore, all costs are being expensed.

Depreciation, Amortization and Capitalization

The Company records depreciation and amortization when appropriate using both straight-line and declining balance methods over the estimated useful life of the assets (five to seven years). Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Additions, major renewals and replacements that increase the property's useful life are capitalized. Property sold or retired, together with the related accumulated depreciation is removed from the appropriated accounts and the resultant gain or loss is included in net income.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under Statement 109, a liability method is used whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between basis used of financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes. Income taxes are provided based on tax rates in effect at the time such temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided for certain deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not, that the Company will not realize the tax assets through future operations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Accounting Standards statements No. 107, "Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments", requires the Company to disclose, when reasonably attainable, the fair market values of its assets and liabilities which are deemed to be financial instruments. The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and certain investments.

Per Share Information

The Company computes per share information by dividing the net loss for the period presented by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during such period.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Organization within the Last Five Years

Wollemi Mining Corp. was incorporated on October 9, 2007 under the laws of the State of Delaware. We are engaged in the business of acquisition, exploration and development of natural resource properties.

Christopher Coldicutt serves as officer and director of our company from inception (October 9, 2007) to current date. No other person other than Mr. Coldicutt has acted as a promoter of Wollemi Mining Corp. since our inception. Other than Mr. Coldicutt's purchase of 2,000,000 shares of our common stock on October 26, 2007, Mr. Coldicutt has not entered into any agreement with us in which he is to receive from us or provide to us anything of value. Mr. Coldicutt purchased the 2,000,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$.0075 per share for a total of \$15,000.

In General

We are an exploration stage company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. We currently own a 100% undivided interest in the Bonanza Lode Mineral Claim located in Clark County, State of Nevada that we call the "Bonanza Property." We are currently conducting mineral exploration activities on the Bonanza Property in order to assess whether it contains any commercially exploitable mineral reserves. Currently there are no known mineral reserves on the Bonanza Property.

We have not earned any revenues to date. Our independent auditor has issued an audit opinion which includes a statement expressing substantial doubt as to our ability to continue as a going concern. The source of information contained in this discussion is our geology report prepared by Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng. dated December 11, 2007.

There is the likelihood of our mineral claim containing little or no economic mineralization or reserves of silver and other minerals. We are presently in the exploration stage of our business and we can provide no assurance that any commercially viable mineral deposits exist on our mineral claims, that we will discover commercially exploitable levels of mineral resources on our property, or, if such deposits are discovered, that we will enter into further substantial exploration programs. Further exploration is required before a final determination can be made as to whether our mineral claims possess commercially exploitable mineral deposits. If our claim does not contain any reserves all funds that we spend on exploration will be lost.

GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL GEOLOGICAL TERMS

The following defined technical geological terms are used in our prospectus:

Anglesite	A native sulphate of lead. It occurs in white or yellowish transparent, prismatic crystals.
Azurite	Blue carbonate of copper; blue malachite.
Basalt	A general term for dark-colored mafic igneous rocks, commonly extrusive but locally intrusive (e.g., as in dikes).

Breccia	A rock in which angular fragments are surrounded by a mass of fine-grained minerals.
Brecciated	The formation of angular rock fragments.
Calamine	A white mineral; a common ore of zinc.
Carbonate	A salt or ester of carbonic acid.
Cerussite	A mineral consisting of lead carbonate that is an important source of lead.
Chrysocolla	A hydrous silicate of copper, occurring massive, of a blue or greenish blue color.
Cinnabar	A heavy reddish mineral consisting of mercuric sulfide; the chief source of mercury.
Clastic	Fragments of minerals, rocks, or organic structures that have been moved individually from their places of origin.
Cretaceous	Rocks laid down during the last period of the Mesozoic era (between the Jurassic and Tertiary periods, about 146 to 65 million years ago), at the end of which dinosaurs and many other organisms died out.
Diamond drill(ing)	A rotary type of rock drill in which the cutting is done by abrasion rather than percussion. The cutting bit is set with diamonds and is attached to the end of long hollow rods through which water or other fluid is pumped to the cutting face as a lubricant. The drill cuts a core of rock that is recovered in long cylindrical sections, two centimeters or more in diameter.
Fault Zones	A network of interconnected fractures representing the surficial expression of a fault.
Fold	A planar feature, such as a bedding plane, that has been strongly warped, presumably by deformation.
Galena	The chief ore of lead, commonly found in shallow ore veins in which open cavities are frequent; hence, crystals are common and well developed. Galena is widely distributed and constitutes by far the most important ore for lead. Silver, antimony, arsenic, copper, and zinc minerals often occur in intimate association with galena; consequently, galena ores mined for lead also include other valuable by-products.
Granite	Plutonic igneous rock having visibly crystalline texture; generally composed of feldspar and mica and quartz.
Hydrozincite	An abundant element of the magnesium-cadmium group, extracted principally from the minerals zinc blend, smithsonite, calamine, and franklinite, as an easily fusible bluish white metal, which is malleable, especially when heated.
Igneous	A type of rock which has been formed by the consolidation of magma, a molten substance from the earth's core.
Intrusive	A body of igneous rock formed by the consolidation of magma intruded into other rocks, in contrast to lavas, which are extruded upon the surface.
Jurassic	Second Period of Mesozoic Era, which covered span of time between 190 – 135 million years before the present time.

Limestone	A bedded, sedimentary deposit consisting chiefly of calcium carbonate.
Limonite	A widely occurring iron oxide ore; a mixture of goethite and hematite and lepidocrocite.
Lode	A mineral deposit in solid rock.
Malachite	Green mineral used as an ore of copper and for making ornamental objects.
Mesozoic	One of the eras of geologic time. It includes the Triassic, Jurassic and Cretaceous periods.
Mineralization	The concentration of metals and their chemical compounds within a body of rock.
Monte Cristo Limestone Formation	A local name for a geological series of rocks.
Normal Fault	A dip-slip fault in which the block above the fault has moved downward relative to the block below.
Ore	A mixture of minerals and gangue from which at least one metal can be extracted at a profit.
Oxidization	A chemical reaction caused by exposure to oxygen that results in a change in the chemical composition of a mineral
Paleozoic	Rocks that were laid down during the Paleozoic Era (between 544 and 230 million years before the present time).
Porphyritic	Containing relatively large isolated crystals in a mass of fine texture.
Porphyry	A heterogeneous rock characterized by the presence of crystals in a relatively finer-grained matrix
Pyrite	The most common of the sulphide minerals. It is usually found associated with other sulphides or oxides in quartz veins, sedimentary rock and metamorphic rock, as well as in coal beds, and as the replacement mineral in fossils.
Quartz Sedimentary	A mineral whose composition is silicon dioxide. A crystalline form of silica. A type of rock which has been created by the deposition of solids from a liquid.
Smithsonite	Native zinc carbonate. It generally occurs in stalactitic, reniform, or botryoidal shapes, of a white to gray, green, or brown color.
Stratigraphy	Strictly, the description of bedded rock sequences; used loosely, the sequence of bedded rocks in a particular area.
Structural	Pertaining to geologic structure.
Tertiary	Relating to the first period of the Cenozoic era, about 65 to 1.64 million years ago.

Thrust Faults (Faulting)	A dip-slip fault in which the upper block above the fault plane moves up and over the lower block, so that older strata are placed over younger.
Trenching	The removal of overburden to expose the underlying bedrock.
Triassic	The system of strata that was deposited between 210 and 250 million years before the present time.
Vein	An occurrence of ore with an irregular development in length, width and depth usually from an intrusion of igneous rock.

Acquisition of the Bonanza Property

In December, 2007, we purchased a 100% undivided interest in a mineral claim known as the Bonanza Lode Claim for a price of \$7,500. The claims are in good standing until September 1, 2008.

We engaged Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng., to prepare a geological evaluation report on the Bonanza Property. Mr. Sookochoff is a consulting professional geologist in the Geological Section of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia. Mr. Sookochoff attended the University of British Columbia and holds a Bachelor of Science degree in geology.

The work completed by Mr. Sookochoff in preparing the geological report consisted of a review of geological data from previous exploration within the region. The acquisition of this data involved the research and investigation of historical files to locate and retrieve data information acquired by previous exploration companies in the area of the mineral claims.

We received the geological evaluation report on the Bonanza Property entitled "Geological Evaluation Report on the Bonanza Lode Mining Claim, Yellow Pine Mining District, Clark County, Nevada, USA" prepared by Mr. Sookochoff on December 11, 2007. The geological report summarizes the results of the history of the exploration of the mineral claims, the regional and local geology of the mineral claims and the mineralization and the geological formations identified as a result of the prior exploration. The geological report also gives conclusions regarding potential mineralization of the mineral claims and recommends a further geological exploration program on the mineral claims. The description of the Bonanza Property provided below is based on Ms. Sookochoff's report.

Description of Property

The property owned by Wollemi Mining Corp., on which the net proceeds of the offering will be spent, is the Bonanza Lode Claim which is comprised of one located mineral claim. The Bonanza Lode Claim is located within Section 34 Range 58E, Township 25S at the easternmost portion of the Yellow Pine Mining District of Clark County, Nevada. Access from Las Vegas, Nevada to the Bonanza Lode Claim is southward via Interstate Highway #15 for approximately 31 miles, to within five miles past Jean, Nevada, thence westerly for five miles to the Bonanza Lode Claim.

The claim was recorded with the Clark County Recorder's Office, Las Vegas, Nevada and the Bureau of Land Management, Reno, Nevada.

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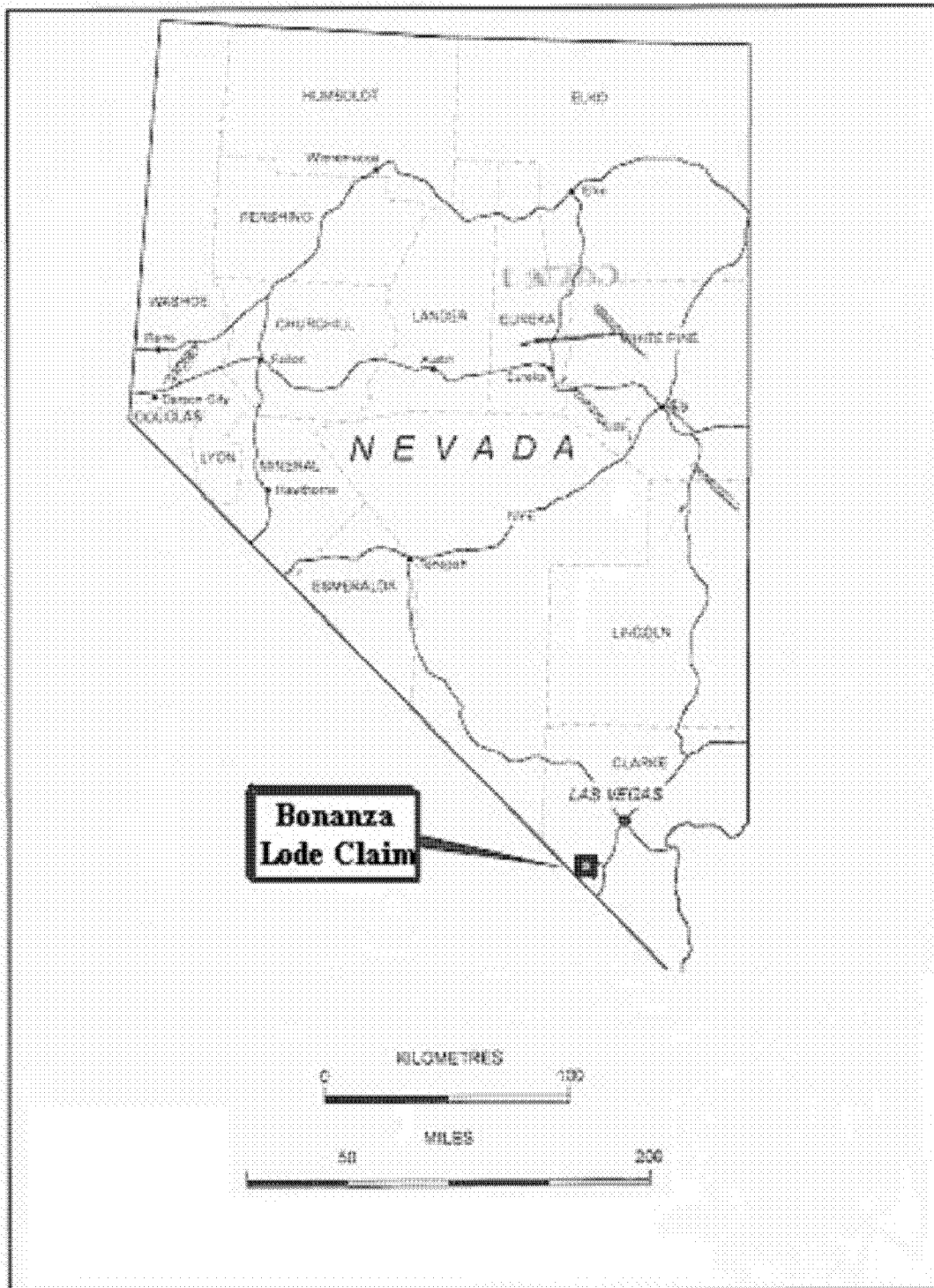
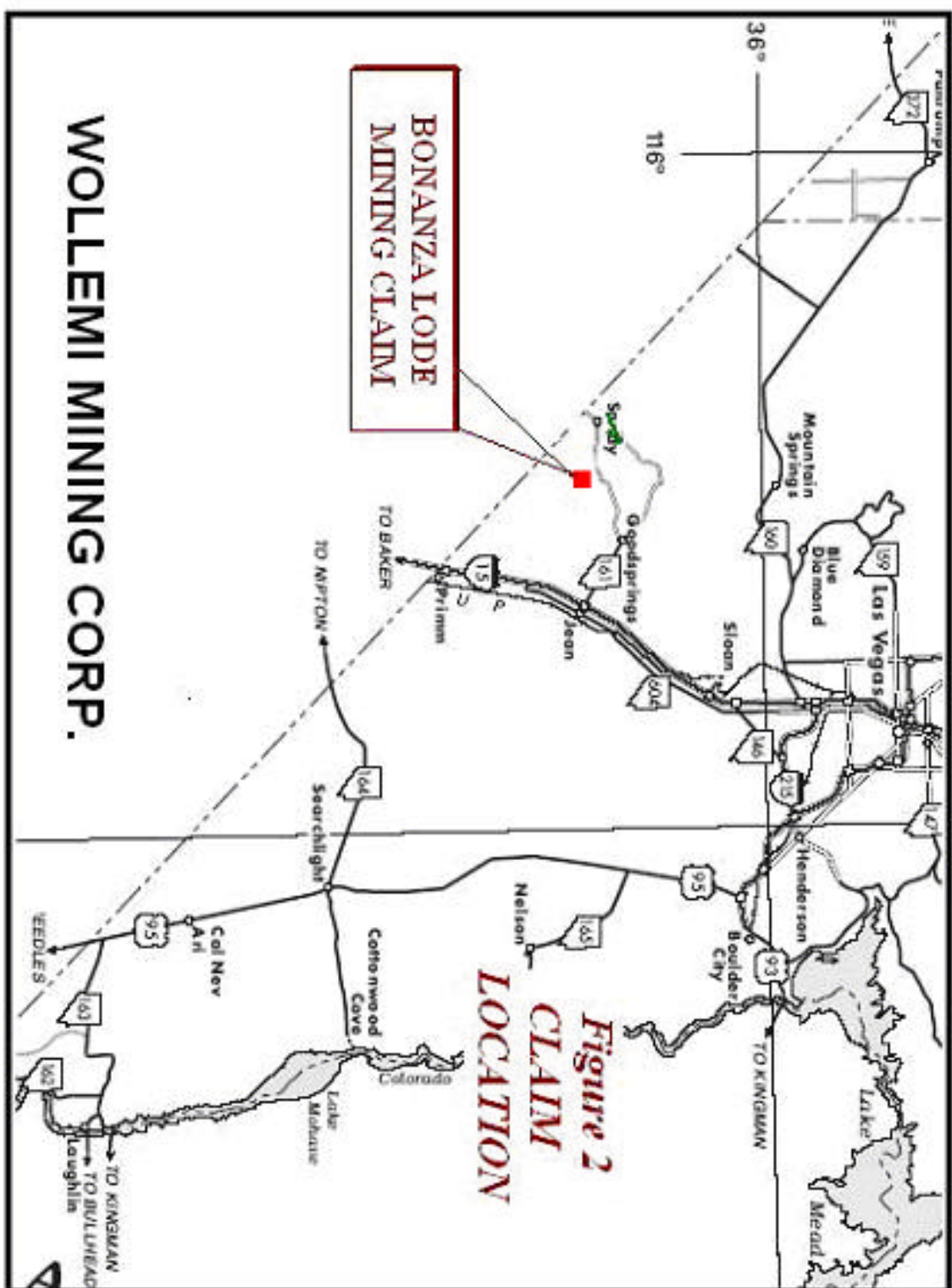


Figure 1. LOCATION MAP



Physiography, Climate, Vegetation and Water

The Bonanza Lode Claim is situated at the southern end of the Sheep Mountain Range, a north-south trending range of mountains with peaks reaching an elevation of 4,184 feet. The Claim covers the southerly facing slopes and the northerly facing slopes from the valley floor at an elevation of 1,200 feet.

The area is of a typically desert climate with relatively high temperatures and low precipitation. Vegetation consists mainly of desert shrubs and cactus. Sources of water would be available from valley wells.

Property History

The history of the Yellow Pine Mining District stems from 1856 when Mormon missionaries reported ore in the area. In 1857 the smelting of ore produced 9,000 pounds of lead and in 1898 a mill was built south of Goodsprings. As a result of the mill availability, exploration activity led to the discovery of many of the mines in the area.

The completion of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake railroad in 1905 and recognition of oxidized zinc minerals in the ore in 1906 stimulated development of the mines and the region has been subject to intermittent activity up to 1964, particularly during the World War I and II years.

Although less famous than many of the other mining districts of the Great Basin, it nevertheless ranks second only to Tonopah in total Nevada lead and zinc production. During World War I this district was one of the most productive in the West, but by the end of World War II only a few mines remained in operation.

Even though the mines of this district have been worked primarily for their lead-zinc-silver values, an estimated 91,000 ounces of gold has been recovered as a by-product of copper-lead-silver mining.

Production from the mines of the Yellow Pine Mining District from 1902 to 1929 was 477,717 tons. Bullion recovery from 7,656 tons of this ore by amalgamation and cyanidation was 9,497 ounces of gold and 2,445 ounces of silver. The concentrator treated 230,452 tons of ore which yielded 58,641 tons of lead-zinc concentrate and 32,742 tons of lead concentrate. Crude ore shipped to 1929 was 227,952 tons from which recovery amounted to 3,196 ounces of gold, 422,379 ounces silver, 3,085,675 pounds copper, 34,655,360 pounds lead and 110,833,051 pounds zinc.

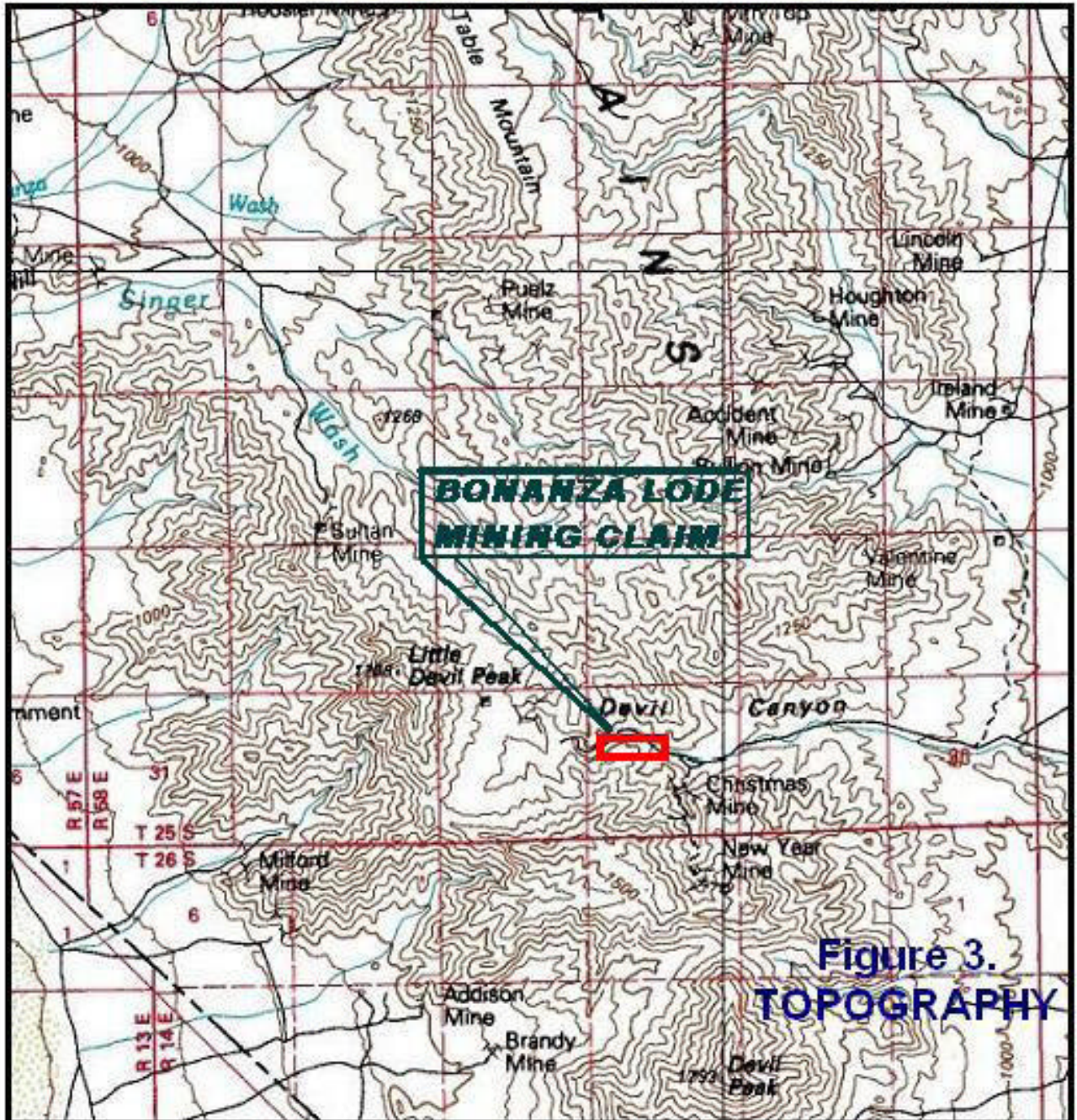
Production from mines within the immediate area of the Bonanza Lode Claim includes production from the Christmas Mine, the Silver Gem Mine, and the Eureka mine reported as 532,505 lb. lead, 449,886 lb. zinc, 16,635 oz. silver, 2 oz. gold, and 195 lb. copper.

The Bonanza Lode Claim covers some former exploratory workings on indicated mineral zones.

Regional Geology

In the Yellow Pine district, the Spring Mountain Range in the west, and the Sheep Mountain Range in the east consist mainly of Paleozoic sediments which have undergone intense folding accompanied by faulting. A series of Carboniferous sediments consists largely of siliceous limestone and include strata of pure crystalline limestone and dolomite with occasional intercalated beds of fine grained sandstone. These strata have a general west to southwest dip of from 15 to 45 degrees which is occasionally disturbed by local folds. Igneous rocks are scarce and are represented chiefly by quartz-monzonite porphyry dikes and sills. The quartz-monzonite porphyry is intruded into the strata and is of post-Jurassic age, perhaps Tertiary.

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Stratigraphy

The sedimentary rocks in the district range in age from Upper Cambrian to Recent. The Paleozoic section includes the Cambrian Bonanza King and Nopah Formations, the Devonian Sulta, Mississippian Monte Cristo Limestone, Pennsylvanian/Mississippian Bird Spring Formation and Permian Kaibab Limestone.

The Mesozoic section is comprised only of the Triassic Moenkopi and Chinle Formations and an upper Mesozoic unit of uncertain age termed the Lavinia Wash Formation. The Paleozoic rocks are dominantly carbonates while the Mesozoic units are continental clastics. Tertiary rocks include gravels and minor volcanic tuffs.

Only two varieties of intrusive rocks are known in the district. The most abundant is granite porphyry which forms three large sill-like masses. The sills generally lie near major thrust faults and are thought to have been emplaced along breccia zones at the base of the upper plate of the thrust fault. Locally, small dikes of basaltic composition and uncertain age have been encountered in some of the mine workings.

The stratigraphy of the Bonanza Lode Mining Claim consists of the following:

Permian:

Red beds

Mississippian to Permian:

Bird Spring Formation

Local erosional unconformity

Mississippian:

Monte Cristo Limestone:

Yellopine Limestone Member Arrowhead Limestone Member Bullion Dolomite Member Anchor Limestone Member Dawn Limestone Member

Devonian

Sultan Limestone:

Crystal Pass Limestone Member Valentine Limestone Member Ironside Dolomite Member

Cambrian to Devonian (?):

Goodsprings Dolomite

Structure

The region reveals a record of folding, thrust faulting and normal faulting. Folding began in the early Jurassic, resulting in broad flexures in the more massive units and tight folds in the thinly bedded rocks. The thrust faults in the district are part of a belt of thrust faulted rocks, the Foreland Fold and Thrust Belt that stretches from southern Canada to southern California.

Deformation within the belt began in the Jurassic and continued until Cretaceous time. Within the Goodsprings District thrust faulting appears to post-date much of the folding, but despite intensive study the actual age of thrusting continues to be the subject of contentious debate. Three major thrusts have been mapped; from west to east, the Green Monster, Keystone and Contact thrusts.

Of these, the Keystone is the most persistent along strike having been mapped for a distance of over 50 kilometers. The stratigraphic relationships along the Keystone fault are similar to those for all the major thrusts in the area, Cambrian Bonanza King Formation has been thrust eastward over younger Paleozoic rocks.

Normal faulting has received much less study, despite its close association with many ore deposits in the district. Geologists Burchfiel and Davis suggest normal faulting is restricted to the Tertiary, but concede some of the thrust faults may have been reactivated as low angle normal faults during early Tertiary.

Property Geology

The Bonanza Lode Claim is indicated to be underlain by the Yellowpine Limestone Member of the Monte Cristo Limestone Formation proximally east of a thrust fault.

Regional Mineralization

Geologist Albritton in 1954 reported that ore deposits in the Goodsprings (Yellow Pine) district can at best be characterized as enigmatic. They appear to fall into two distinct types, which may or may not be related, gold-copper deposits and lead-zinc deposits. Gold-copper deposits are clearly related to sill-like masses of granite porphyry. All existing mines worked the contact between the intrusive and surrounding sedimentary rocks. Gold occurred in both the intrusive and the carbonate wall rocks. It appears any carbonate unit was a suitable host.

The lead-zinc deposits are often distant from intrusives and occur as veins or replacements of brecciated rocks along fault zones, either thrust faults or normal faults. Unlike the gold deposits, the productive lead-zinc deposits are restricted to the Monte Cristo Formation.

Mineralogy of gold-copper deposits consist of native gold, pyrite, limonite, cinnabar, malachite, azurite and chrysocolla. Lead-zinc deposits are comprised of hydrazincite, calamine, smithsonite, cerussite, anglesite, galena and iron oxides. The rather unusual mineralogy of the district is due to the great depth of surface oxidation exceeding 600 feet. Typical sulfides such as chalcopyrite, sphalerite and pyrite have been partially or completely altered to more stable hydrated carbonates and sulfates. Only the highly insoluble lead sulfide, galena has successfully resisted surface oxidation.

Primary alteration is difficult to characterize due to the supervene overprint, but again appears to differ for gold-copper deposits and lead-zinc deposits. Gold-copper ores have been extensively sericitized and dolomitized, altering the host pluton to a rock that can be mined through simple excavation with little or not blasting. The rock is so thoroughly altered it decrepitates on exposure of the atmosphere. On the other hand, lead-zinc deposits appear to be characterized by dolomitization and minor silicification.

Property Mineralization

The mineralization on the Bonanza Lode Claim is not known, however, the minimal workings may be exploring mineralization of hydrazincite, calamine, and galena in addition to its oxidation products on base of the Yellowpine Limestone Member as at the Christmas Mine within one mile to the south.

Conclusions and Recommendations

Mr. Sookochoff states in his geology report that the Bonanza Lode Claim covers some exploratory workings on mineral zones hosting mineralization of sufficient economic values to be shipped to a smelter. As the nature of the mineralization nor the controlling structures to the mineralization have been defined, and as the Yellow Pine district has a history of significant lead/zinc production from within veins or replacements of brecciated rocks along fault zones, the mineralized zones of the Bonanza Lode Claim should be explored for potential economical mineral zones.

It is recommended that Wollemi Mining Inc. complete a three phased exploration program on the Bonanza Lode Claim. Phase I would consist of VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys along the extensions of the known mineral zones to determine the potential structural controls to the known mineral zones. Phase II would consist of localized

soil surveys, trenching, and sampling over the indicated extensions of the mineral zones. Phase III would consist of test diamond drilling of the prime indicated mineral zones.

Recommended Exploration Program and Estimated Cost

<u>Phase</u>	<u>Exploration Program</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Status</u>
Phase 1	VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys	\$6,500	Expected to be completed in summer, 2008 (dependent on consulting geologist's schedule).
Phase 2	Localized soil surveys, trenching and sampling over known and indicated mineralized zones	\$9,500	Expected to be completed in fall, 2008 (depending on the results of Phase 1, and consulting geologist's schedule).
Phase 3	Test Diamond drilling outlined by Phase 1 and 2 programs.	\$70,000	Expected to be completed in spring, 2009 (depending on the results of Phase 2, and consulting geologist's schedule.)
Total Estimated Cost		\$86,000	

Competition

We are an explorations stage company. We do not compete directly with anyone for the exploration or removal of minerals from our property as we hold all interest and rights to the claim. Readily available commodities markets exist in the U.S. and around the world for the sale of silver and other minerals. Therefore, we will likely be able to sell any silver or other minerals that we are able to recover.

We will be subject to competition and unforeseen limited sources of supplies in the industry in the event spot shortages arise for supplies such as dynamite, and certain equipment such as bulldozers and excavators that we will need to conduct exploration. We have not yet attempted to locate or negotiate with any suppliers or products, equipment or services and will not do so until funds are received from this offering. If we are unsuccessful in securing the products, equipment and services we need we may have to suspend our exploration plans until we are able to do so.

We compete with other mineral resource exploration and development companies for financing and for the acquisition of new mineral properties. Many of the mineral resource exploration and development companies with whom we compete have greater financial and technical resources than us. Accordingly, these competitors may be able to spend greater amounts on acquisitions of mineral properties of merit, on exploration of their mineral properties and on development of their mineral properties. In addition, they may be able to afford greater geological expertise in the targeting and exploration of mineral properties. This competition could result in competitors having mineral properties of greater quality and interest to prospective investors who may finance additional exploration and development. This competition could adversely impact on our ability to finance further exploration and to achieve the financing necessary for us to develop our mineral properties.

Research and Development Expenditures

We have not incurred any research expenditures since our incorporation.

Bankruptcy or Similar Proceedings

There has been no bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceeding.

Reorganizations, Purchase or Sale of Assets

There have been no material reclassifications, mergers, consolidations, or purchase or sale of a significant amount of assets not in the ordinary course of business.

Compliance with Government Regulation

We will be required to comply with all regulations, rules and directives of governmental authorities and agencies applicable to the exploration of minerals in the United States generally, and in the state of Nevada specifically. We will also be subject to the regulations of the Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior.

Patents and Trademarks

We do not own, either legally or beneficially, any patents or trademarks.

Need for Government Approval for its Products or Services

We are not required to apply for or have any government approval for our product or services.

FACILITIES

We currently do not own any physical property or own any real property. We purchased the Bonanza Property at a cost of \$7,500. Title to the Bonanza Property mineral claims is held by Wollemi Mining Corp.

We currently utilize space provided to us on a rent free basis from our officer and director, Christopher Coldicutt at 42-700 Bob Hope Drive, # 304, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270. Management believes the current premises are sufficient for its needs at this time.

EMPLOYEES AND EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

We have no employees other than our officer and director as of the date of this prospectus. Mr. Coldicutt currently devotes approximately 5 hours per week to company matters and after receiving funding, he plans to devote as much time as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to manage the affairs of the company. There is no formal employment agreement between the company and our current employee. We conduct our business largely through consultants.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings, and we are not aware of any pending or potential legal actions.

DIRECTOR, EXECUTIVE OFFICER, PROMOTER AND CONTROL PERSON

The names, ages and titles of our executive officers and director are as follows:

Name and Address of Executive

<u>Officer and/or Director</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Christopher Coldicutt 42-700 Bob Hope Drive, #304 Rancho Mirage, CA 92270	25	President, Secretary, Treasurer and Director

Ms. Christopher Coldicutt is the promoter of Wollemi Mining Corp., as that term is defined in the rules and regulations promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1933.

Mr. Coldicutt has no formal training as a geologist or in the technical or managerial aspects of management of a mineral exploration company. His prior business experiences have primarily been within the accounting industry and not in the mineral exploration industry. Accordingly, we will have to rely on the technical services of others to advise us on the managerial aspects specifically associated with a mineral exploration company. We do not have any employees who have professional training or experience in the mining industry. We rely on independent geological consultants to make recommendations to us on work programs on our property, to hire appropriately skilled persons on a contract basis to complete work programs and to supervise, review, and report on such programs to us.

Term of Office

Our director is appointed to hold office until the next annual meeting of our stockholders or until his successor is elected and qualified, or until he resigns or is removed in accordance with the provisions of the Delaware Revised Statutes. Our officer is appointed by our Board of Directors and holds office until removed by the Board.

Significant Employees

We have no significant employees other than our officer and director, Mr. Christopher Coldicutt. Mr. Coldicutt currently devotes approximately 5 hours per week to company matters. After receiving funding per our business plan Mr. Coldicutt intends to devote as much time as the Board of Directors deem necessary to manage the affairs of the company.

Mr. Coldicutt has not been the subject of any order, judgment, or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, or any regulatory agency permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting him from acting as an investment advisor, underwriter, broker or dealer in the securities industry, or as an affiliated person, director or employee of an investment company, bank, savings and loan association, or insurance company or from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with any such activity or in connection with the purchase or sale of any securities.

Mr. Coldicutt has not been convicted in any criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations) nor is he subject of any currently pending criminal proceeding.

We conduct our business through agreements with consultants and arms-length third parties. Currently, we have no formal consulting agreements in place. We have a verbal arrangement with the consulting geologist currently conducting the exploratory work on the Bonanza Property. We pay the consulting geologist the usual and customary rates received by geologists performing similar consulting services.

Resume

Christopher Coldicutt serves as President, Secretary and Treasurer of Wollemi Mining Corp. since October 9, 2007 (inception). From 2003 to current, Mr. Coldicutt contracts accounting services to various businesses including financial and management consulting companies. Mr. Coldicutt graduated in 2005 from Mira Costa College, Oceanside, CA with an AA degree in Business Administration. From 2005 through the current date, Mr. Coldicutt is majoring in accounting at Simon Fraser University.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Management Compensation

Our current director and officer is Christopher Coldicutt.

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our executive officers by any person for all services rendered in all capacities to us for the period from our inception through to December 31, 2007:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Annual Compensation</u>			<u>Long Term Compensation</u>			
			<u>Salary(\$)</u>	<u>Bonus</u>	<u>Other Annual Compensation</u>	<u>Restricted Stock Awarded</u>	<u>Options/* SARs (#)</u>	<u>LTIP Payouts (\$)</u>	<u>All Other Compensation</u>
Christopher Coldicutt	President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Director	2007	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

There are no current employment agreements between the company and its officer/director.

On October 26, 2007, a total of 2,000,000 shares of common stock were issued to Mr. Christopher Coldicutt in exchange for cash in the amount of \$15,000 or \$0.0075 per share. The terms of this stock issuance was as fair to the company, in the opinion of the board of director, as if it could have been made with an unaffiliated third party.

Mr. Coldicutt currently devotes approximately 5 hours per week to manage the affairs of the company. He has agreed to work with no remuneration until such time as the company receives sufficient revenues necessary to provide management salaries. At this time, we cannot accurately estimate when sufficient revenues will occur to implement this compensation, or what the amount of the compensation will be.

There are no annuity, pension or retirement benefits proposed to be paid to the officer or director or employees in the event of retirement at normal retirement date pursuant to any presently existing plan provided or contributed to by the company or any of its subsidiaries, if any.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Mr. Coldicutt will not be paid for any underwriting services that he performs on our behalf with respect to this offering. He will also not receive any interest on any funds that he may advance to us for expenses incurred prior to the offering being closed. Any funds loaned will be repaid from the proceeds of the offering.

On October 26, 2007, a total of 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock was issued to Mr. Coldicutt in exchange for \$15,000, or \$0.0075 per share. All of such shares are “restricted” securities, as that term is defined by the Securities act of 1933, as amended, and are held by a director of the Company. (See “Dilution”).

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the number of shares of our common stock owned beneficially as of March 24, 2008 by: (i) each person (including any group) known to us to own more than five

percent (5%) of any class of our voting securities, (ii) our director, and or (iii) our officer. Unless otherwise indicated, the stockholder listed possesses sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown.

<u>Title of Class</u>	<u>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</u>	<u>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</u>	<u>Percentage of Common Stock⁽¹⁾</u>
Common Stock	Christopher Coldicutt, Director 42-700 Bob Hope Drive, #304 Rancho Mirage, CA 92270	2,000,000 Direct	100%
Common Stock	Officer and/or director as a Group	2,000,000	100%

Holders of More than 5% of Our Common Stock

- (1) A beneficial owner of a security includes any person who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise has or shares: (i) voting power, which includes the power to vote, or to direct the voting of shares; and (ii) investment power, which includes the power to dispose or direct the disposition of shares. Certain shares may be deemed to be beneficially owned by more than one person (if, for example, persons share the power to vote or the power to dispose of the shares). In addition, shares are deemed to be beneficially owned by a person if the person has the right to acquire the shares (for example, upon exercise of an option) within 60 days of the date as of which the information is provided. In computing the percentage ownership of any person, the amount of shares outstanding is deemed to include the amount of shares beneficially owned by such person (and only such person) by reason of these acquisition rights. As a result, the percentage of outstanding shares of any person as shown in this table does not necessarily reflect the person's actual ownership or voting power with respect to the number of shares of common stock actually outstanding on March 24, 2008. As of March 24, 2008, there were 2,000,000 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

General

Our authorized capital stock consists of 75,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of March 24, 2008, there were 2,000,000 shares of our common stock of our common stock issued and outstanding that was held of record by one (1) registered stockholder.

Common Stock

The following is a summary of the material rights and restrictions associated with our common stock. This description does not purport to be a complete description of all of the rights of our stockholders and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the provisions of our most current Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, which are included as exhibits to this Registration Statement.

The holders of our common stock currently have (i) equal ratable rights to dividends from funds legally available therefore, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors of the Company; (ii) are entitled to share ratably in all of the assets of the Company available for distribution to holders of common stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company (iii) do not have preemptive, subscription or conversion rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions or rights applicable thereto; and (iv) are entitled to one non-cumulative vote per share on all matters on which stock holders may vote. All shares of common stock now outstanding are fully paid for and non-assessable and all shares of common stock which are the subject of this offering, when issued,

will be fully paid for and non-assessable. Please refer to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, By-Laws and the applicable statutes of the State of Delaware for a more complete description of the rights and liabilities of holders of the Company's securities.

Non-Cumulative Voting

The holders of shares of common stock of the Company do not have cumulative voting rights, which means that the holder of more than 50% of such outstanding shares, voting for the election of director, can elect all of the directors to be elected, if she so chooses, and, in such event, the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any of the Company's directors. After this Offering is completed, the present stockholder will own 60% of the outstanding shares. (See "Dilution").

Dividend Policy

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We currently intend to retain future earnings, if any, to finance the expansion of our business. As a result, we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT LIABILITIES

Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that we will indemnify an officer, director, or former officer or director, to the full extent permitted by law. We have been advised that, in the opinion of the SEC, indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act, and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by one of our director, officers, or controlling persons in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our legal counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit the question of whether such indemnification is against public policy to a court of appropriate jurisdiction. We will then be governed by the court's decision.

LEGAL MATTERS

No expert or counsel named in this prospectus as having prepared or certified any part of this prospectus or having given an opinion upon the validity of the securities being registered or upon other legal matters in connection with the registration or offering of the common stock was employed on a contingency basis, or had, or is to receive, in connection with the offering, a substantial interest, direct or indirect, in our company or any of its parents or subsidiaries. Nor was any such person connected with our company or any of its parents or subsidiaries as a promoter, managing or principal underwriter, voting trustee, director, officer, or employee.

EXPERTS

The law firm of Robert C. Weaver, Jr., has passed upon the validity of the shares being offered and certain other legal matters and is representing us in connection with this offering. Mr. Weaver's consent is attached to this prospectus as an exhibit.

Chang G. Park, CPA, our independent certified public accountant, has audited our financial statements included in this prospectus and registration statement to the extent and for the periods set forth in their audit report. Chang G. Park, CPA has presented its report with respect to our audited financial statements. The report of Chang G. Park, CPA is included in reliance upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing, and his consent is attached to this prospectus as an exhibit.

Laurence Sookochoff, P. Eng., Sookochoff Consultants Inc., is our consulting geologist. Mr. Sookochoff is a consulting professional geologist in the Geological Section and is a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists in British Columbia, Canada. Mr. Sookochoff's consent is attached to this prospectus as an exhibit.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have not previously been required to comply with the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act. We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 to register the securities offered by this prospectus. For future information about us and the securities offered under this prospectus, you may refer to the registration statement and to the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement.

In addition, after the effective date of this prospectus, we will be required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, or other information with the SEC as provided by the Securities Exchange Act. You may read and copy any reports, statements or other information we file at the SEC's public reference facility maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can request copies of these documents, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by writing to the SEC. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public through the SEC Internet site at www.sec.gov.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of Wollemi Mining Corp. for the year ended December 31, 2007, and related notes, included in this prospectus have been audited by Chang G. Park, CPA, and have been so included in reliance upon the opinion of such accountants given upon their authority as an expert in auditing and accounting.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

We have had no changes in or disagreements with our accountants.

Dealer Prospectus Delivery Obligation

Until _____, all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The estimated costs of this offering are as follows:

Expenses ⁽¹⁾	US(\$)
SEC Registration Fee	\$ 1.18
Phase 1 Exploration Program	\$ 6,500.00
Phase 2 Exploration Program	\$ 9,500.00
Legal and Accounting	\$ 5,000.00
Working Capital	<u>\$ 8,998.82</u>
Total	<u>\$30,000.00</u>

(1) All amounts are estimates, other than the SEC's registration fee.

Item 14. Indemnification of Director and Officers

Wollemi Mining Inc.'s By-Laws allow for the indemnification of the officer and/or director in regards to his carrying out the duties of his office. The Board of Directors will make determination regarding the indemnification of the director, officer or employee as is proper under the circumstances if he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the Delaware General Corporation Law.

As to indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 for a director, officer and/or person controlling Wollemi Mining Corp., we have been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy and unenforceable.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Set forth below is information regarding the issuance and sales of securities without registration since inception. No such sales involved the use of an underwriter; no advertising or public solicitation was involved; the securities bear a restrictive legend; and no commission was paid in connection with the sale of any securities.

We issued 2,000,000 shares of common stock on October 26, 2007 to Christopher Coldicutt, our director. These shares were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act at a price of \$0.0075 per share, for total proceeds of \$15,000. The 2,000,000 shares of common stock are restricted shares as defined in the Securities Act.

Item 16. Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation
3.2	By-Laws
5.1	Opinion re: Legality and Consent of Counsel
23.1	Consent of Independent Auditor
23.2	Consent of Professional Geologist
99.1	Subscription Agreement
99.2	Purchase Agreement

Undertakings

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:

1. To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement to:
 - (a) Include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act;
 - (b) Reflect in the prospectus any facts or events which, individually or together, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in the volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
 - (c) Include any additional or changed material information on the plan of distribution.
2. To, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act, treat each post-effective amendment as a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and to treat the offering of such securities at that time to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
3. To remove from registration, by means of a post-effective amendment, any of the securities being registered hereby that remains unsold at the termination of the offering.
4. For determining liability of the undersigned Registrant under the Securities Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities, that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (a) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- (b) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned Registrant;
- (c) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
- (d) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the “Act”) may be permitted to our director, officers and controlling persons pursuant to the provisions above, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act, and is, therefore, unenforceable.

In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities, other than the payment by us of expenses incurred or paid by one of our director, officers, or controlling persons in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding, is asserted by one of our director, officers, or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act, and we will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

For determining any liability under the Securities Act, we shall treat the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by us under Rule 424 (b) (1), or (4), or 497(h) under the Securities Act as part of this registration statement as of the time the Commission declared it effective.

For determining any liability under the Securities Act, we shall treat each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus as a new registration statement for the securities offered in the registration statement, and that the offering of the securities at that time as the initial bona fide offering of those securities.

For the purposes of determining liability under the Securities Act for any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements of filing on Form S-1 and authorized this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, in Rancho Mirage, CA on March 24, 2008.

WOLLEMI MINING CORP.

By: /s/ Christopher Coldicutt

CHRISTOPHER COLDICUTT

President, Secretary, Treasurer
Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer,
Principal Accounting Officer and
and Director

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement was signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates stated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Christopher Coldicutt</u> CHRISTOPHER COLDICUTT	President and Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer	March 24, 2008